§ 9.190

 $R8W, \, on \, \, the \, \, Clearlake \, Oaks \, \, map; \, and \, \, then \, \,$

(11) Proceed straight northeast 0.15 mile, returning to the beginning point. [T.D. TTB-30. 70 FR 38001, July 1, 2005]

§ 9.190 Red Hill Douglas County, Oregon.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Red Hill Douglas County, Oregon". For purposes of part 4 of this chapter, "Red Hill Douglas County, Oregon" is a term of viticultural significance.
- (b) Approved Maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the Red Hill Douglas County, Oregon viticultural area are three United States Geological Survey (USGS), 1:24,000 scale, topographic maps. They are:
- (1) Sutherlin, OR (Provisional edition 1988);
- (2) Scotts Valley, OR (Provisional edition 1987); and
- (3) Yoncalla, OR (Provisional edition 1987).
- (c) Boundary. The Red Hill Douglas County, Oregon viticultural area is located in Douglas County, Oregon, east of Interstate 5 near the hamlet of Rice Hill, between the villages of Yoncalla and Oakland.
- (1) Beginning on the Yoncalla map along the southern boundary of section 35, T23S/R5W, at the point where a pipeline crosses the T23S/T24S township line, proceed due west 0.8 mile along the T23S/T24S township line to its intersection with the 800-foot contour line just west of Pollock Creek in section 34, T23S/R5W (Yoncalla Quadrangle): then
- (2) Proceed southerly along the meandering 800-foot contour line, cross onto the Sutherlin map in section 10, T248/R5W, and continue westerly along the 800-foot contour line to its first intersection with the eastern boundary of section 8, T248/R5W (Sutherlin Quadrangle); then
- (3) Proceed northerly along the meandering 800-foot contour line, return to the Yoncalla map in section 9, T23S/R5W, and continue northerly along the 800-foot contour line to its intersection with the T23S/T24S township line very

near the northwest corner of section 4, T24S/R5W (Yoncalla Quadrangle); then

- (4) Proceed northeasterly along the 800-foot contour line, cross Wilson Creek in the northern portion of section 23, T23S/R5W, pass onto the Scotts Valley map at Section 14, T23S/R5W, and continue northeasterly along the 800-foot contour line to its intersection with the R4W/R5W range line, which at that point is also the eastern boundary of section 1, T23S/R5W (Scotts Valley Quadrangle); then
- (5) Proceed southwesterly along the 800-foot contour line, re-cross the R4W/R5W range line, and continue to the second intersection of the 800-foot contour line and the pipeline in section 1, T23/R5W (Scotts Valley Quadrangle); then
- (6) Proceed 5.75 miles southwesterly along the pipeline, cross Wilson Creek in section 24, T23S/R5W, return to the Yoncalla map in section 26, T23S/R5W, and continue southwesterly along the pipeline to the point of beginning at the intersection of the pipeline intersection and the T23S/T24S township line in section 35, T23S/R5W (Yoncalla Quadrangle).

[T.D. TTB-35, 70 FR 60001, Oct. 14, 2005]

§9.191 Ramona Valley.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Ramona Valley". For purposes of part 4 of this chapter, "Ramona Valley" is a term of viticultural significance.
- (b) Approved Maps. The two United States Geological Survey 1:100,000 scale topographic (30 \times 60 Minute Quadrangle) maps used to determine the boundaries of the Ramona Valley viticultural area are titled—
- (1) Borrego Valley, California, 1982 edition; and
- (2) El Cajon, California, 1979 edition. (c) Boundary. The Ramona Valley viticultural area is located in central San Diego County, California. The area's boundaries are defined as follows—
- (1) Beginning in the southwest corner of the Borrego Valley map at the 882-meter (2,894-foot) peak of Woodson Mountain, T13S, R1W, proceed straight north-northwest approximately 3.25 miles to the 652-meter (2,140-foot) peak